

Hospital Activity



In 2018/19, the inequality gap for **all admissions** stood at **39%**.

Emergency admissions in the most deprived areas were almost **two thirds** higher than in the least deprived.

In 2018/19, the inequality gap for **day case admissions** stood at **23%**.

Pregnancy & Early Years

Smoking during pregnancy in the most deprived areas was **five and a half times** the rate in the least deprived.

In 2018, the **breastfeeding on discharge** inequality gap stood at **48%**.

The **Teenage birth rate** in the most deprived areas was **five times** the rate in the least deprived.



Alcohol, Drugs & Smoking



In 2016/17-18/19, the **drug related admission** rate inequality gap stood at **260%**.

Alcohol specific mortality in the most deprived areas was **over four times** that in least deprived.

In 2016/17-18/19, the **alcohol related admissions** inequality gap stood at **300%**.



Mental Health & Wellbeing

Suicide in the most deprived areas was **three and a half times** that in the most deprived.

In 2014/15-18/19, the **self-harm admission** rate inequality gap stood at **239%**.

Premature Mortality



The **preventable mortality** inequality gap stood at **184%** 2014-18.

The under 75 **circulatory disease** mortality inequality gap stood at **136%** in 2014-18.

The under 75 **respiratory disease** mortality rate in the most deprived areas was **over three and a half times** the rate in the least deprived.

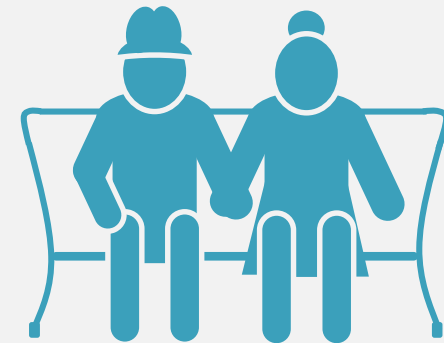
The under 75 **cancer mortality** inequality gap stood at **70%** in 2014-18.

Life Expectancies & General Health

The **life expectancy at birth** inequality gap in 2016-18 was **7.1 years** for males and **4.4 years** for females.

The **healthy life expectancy** inequality gap in 2016-18 was **14.0 years** for males and **15.2 years** for females.

The **disability free life expectancy** inequality gap in 2016-18 was **14.5 years** for males and **13.9 years** for females.



Major Diseases & Conditions



The rate of **respiratory admissions** in the most deprived areas was approximately **double** that of the least deprived areas, for all ages and for those aged under 75 years.

The inequality gap for **cancer incidence** in 2011-17 stood at **24%**.

In 2018, the inequality gap for **antihypertensive prescriptions** stood at **23%**.

Further Information

This annual publication presents a comprehensive analysis of health inequality gaps between the most and least deprived areas of NI, and within Health & Social Care (HSC) Trust and Local Government District (LGD) areas across a range of indicators. This report is an update of the Health Inequalities Annual Report 2019. As an accompaniment to the 2019 Public Health NI Fact Sheet, which presented the latest statistics at NI, HSC Trust and Local Government District levels for a range of public health outcome statistics, this report provides a more detailed assessment of the associated trends and health inequalities gaps. The report is accompanied by downloadable data tables which contain all figures, including urban and rural breakdowns.

Further information & downloadable tables:

<https://www.health-ni.gov.uk/topics/dhssps-statistics-and-research/health-inequalities-statistics>

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